ADMISSIBLE TIME OF USE

The snap hook can be used for 5 years. After this period the device must be withdrawn from use to carry out manufacturer's detailed inspection.

The manufacturer's inspection can be carried out by:

-manufacturer

- or person recommended by manufacturer

- or company recommended by manufacturer.

During this inspection will be established admissible time of the snap hook use till next manufacturer's inspection.

The snap hook must be withdrawn from use immediately and destroyed when it have been used to arrest a fall.

IT IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE USER ORGANISATION TO PROVIDE THE IDENTITY CARD AND TO FILL IN THE DETAILS REQUIRED. THE IDENTITY CARD SHOULD BE FILLED IN BEFORE THE FIRST USE BY A COMPETENT PERSON, RESPONSIBLE INTHE USER ORGANIZATION FOR PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT. ANY INFORMATION ABOUT THE EQUIPMENT LIKE PERIODIC INSPECTIONS, REPARS, REASONS OF EQUIPMENT WITHORAWN I ROM USE SHALL BE NOTED INTO THE IDENTITY CARD BY A COMPETENT PERSON. THE IDENTITY CARD SHOULD BE STORAGED DURING A WHOLE PERIOD OF EQUIPMENT UTILIZATION. DO NOT USE THE EQUIPMENT WITHOUT THE IDENTITY CARD ALL RECORDS IN THE IDENTITY CARD CAN BE FILLED IN ONLY BY A COMPETENT PERSON.

IDENTITY CARD

MC	DDEL A	ND TYPE OF EQU	IPMENT				
		REF. NU					
SERIAL NUMBER			DATE OF N	ANUF.			
US	er na <i>i</i>	МЕ					
				DATE OF PUTTING INTO OPERATION			
DA	te of I	PURCHASE					
		PERIODIC EX	AMINATIO	N AND REP.	AIR HIST	ORY	
	DATE	REASON FOR ENTRY PERIODIC EXAMINATION OR REPAIR	REPAIRS CA	S NOTED, NAME AND SIGNATURE ARRIED OUT OF COMPETENT PERSON ANT INFORMATIONS			PERIODIC EXAMINATION NEXT DUE DATE
1							
I							
1							
1 2 3							

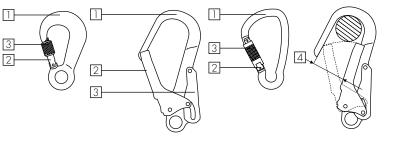
LANEX a. s. - Hlučínská 1 / 96, 747 23 Bolatice, Tel: + 420 553 751 111, Fax: + 420 553 654 125, E-mail: lanex@lanex.cz, www.lanex.cz



The snap hook is a component of the personal protective equipment against falsfrom a heightl which complies with EN362. The snap hook is used to connecting theindividual parts of the fall arrest equipment in the one complete system. The snap hook can be the integral part of the fall arrest equipment component (safety lanyard for example) or can be the independent component of the fall arrest system (as a connector for the fall arresters, working ropes, etc.).

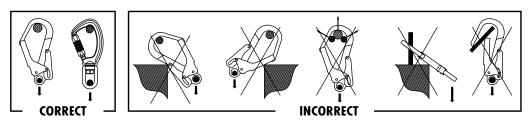
BASIC EQUIPMENT

- 1 body 2 gate
- 3 gate locking gear
 4 gate opening maximum gap for the passage of an element into the snap hook and which allows the correct functioning of the gate-locking feature

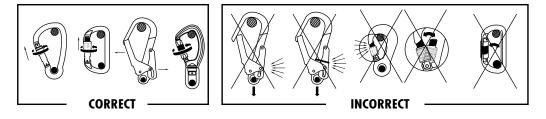


BASIC RULES OF USING THE SNAP HOOK

- before each use, a close visual examination of the snap hook components (body, gate, locking gear) must be carried out in respect of mechanical, chemical and thermal defects. The examination must be done by a person who is going to use the snap hook. In the case of any defect or doubt of correct condition of the snap hook do not use the snap hook.
- using the snap hook, in connection with fall arrest system, must be compatible with manual instructions of the fall arrest systems and obligatory standards:
- EN361 for the safety harness;
- EN353-1, EN353-2, EN355, EN354, EN360 for the fall arrest systems;
- EN341 for the rescue equipment;
- EN358 for the work positioning equipment.
- the snap hooks with manual locking (for example screw locking) shall be acceptable only in cases where the user does not have to attach and remove the snap hook many times a working day.
- during use the snap hook must be protected from a contact with acids, solvents, basics, open fire, hot metal drops and sharp edges. If you have any doubts about the conditions where the snap hook will be used, ask the producer.
- structural anchor point to which will be connected the snap hook should be situated above working position and should have static resistance min. 12 kN. It is recommended to use certified and marked structural anchor point complied with EN 795.
- before use the fall arrest system, the rescue operation must be introduce to avoid any danger that can happened during using the equipment.
- the shape of the structural anchor point should not let self-acting snap hook disconnection see the drawings:



• necessarly protect the snap hook gate with locking gear - see the drawings:



CONTENT OF THE SNAP HOOK MARKING



THE ESSENTIAL PRINCIPLES FOR USERS OF PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AGAINST FALLS FROM A HEIGHT

- personal protective equipment shall only be used by a person trained and competent in its safe use.
- personal protective equipment must not be used by a person with medical condition that could affect the safety of the equipment user in normal and emergency use.
- a rescue plan shall be in place to deal with any emergencies that could arise during the work.
- it is forbidden to make any alterations or additions to the equipment without the manufacturer's prior written consent.
- any repair shall only be carried out by equipment manufacturer or his certified representative.
- personal protective equipment shall not be used outside its limitations, or for any purpose other than that for which it is intended
- personal protective equipment should be a personal issue item.
- before use ensure about the compatibility of items of equipment assembled into a fall arrest system. Periodically check connecting and adjusting of the equipment components to avoid
 accidental loosening or disconnecting of the components.
- it is forbidden to use combinations of items of equipment in which the safe function of any one item is affected by or interferes with the safe function of another.
- before each use of personal protective equipment it is obligatory to carry out a pre-use check of the equipment, to ensure that it is in a serviceable condition and operates correctly before it is
 used.
- during pre-use check it is necessary to inspect all elements of the equipment in respect of any damages, excessive wear, corrosion, abrasion, cutting or incorrect acting, especially take into
 consideration:

in full body harnesses and belts - buckles, adjusting elements, attaching points, webbings, seams, loops;
in energy absorbers - attaching loops, webbing, seams, casing, connectors;
in textile lanyards or lifelines or guidelines - rope, loops, thimbles, connectors, adjusting element, splices;
in stell anyards or lifelines or guidelines - cable, wires, clips, ferrules, loops, thimbles, connectors, adjusting elements;
in retractable fall arresters - cable or webbing, retractor and brake proper acting, casing, energy absorber, connector;
in guided type fall arresters - body of the fall arrester, sliding function, locking gear acting, rivets and screws, connector, energy absorber;
in connectors - main body, rivets, guet, locking gear acting.

- after every 12 months of utilization, personal protective equipment must be withdrawn from use to carry out periodical detailed inspection. The periodic inspection must be carried out by
 a competent person for periodic inspection. The periodic inspection can be carried out also by the manufacturer or his authorized representative.
 In case of some types of the complex equipment e.g. some types of retractable fall arresters the annual inspection can be carried out only by the manufacturer or his authorized
 representative.
- regular periodic inspections are the essential for equipment maintenance and the safety of the users which depends upon the continued efficiency and durability of the equipment.
- during periodic inspection it is necessary to check the legibility of the equipment marking.
- it is essential for the safety of the user that if the product is resold outside the original country of destination the reseller shall provide instructions for use, for maintenance, for periodic
 examination and for repair in language of the country in which the product is to be used.
- personal protective equipment must be withdrawn from use immediately when any doubt arise about its condition for safe use and not used again until confirmed in writing by equipment
 manufacturer or his representative after carried out the detailed inspection.
- personal protective equipment must be withdrawn from use immediately and destroyed when it have been used to arrest a fall;
- a full body harness is the only acceptable body holding device that can be used in a fall arrest system.
- in full body harness use only attaching points marked with big letter "A" to attach a fall arrest system. Marking like "A/2" or a half of "A" means the necessity of attaching a fall arrest
 system to both attaching points together simultaneously. It is strictly forbidden to attach a fall arrest system to the single attaching point marked "A/2" or a half of "A". See drawings below:



- the anchor device or anchor point for the fall arrest system should always be positioned, and the work carried out in such a way, as to minimise both the potential for falls and potential fall
 distance. The anchor device/point should be placed above the position of the user. The shape and construction of the anchor device/point shall not allowed to self-acting disconnection of the
 equipment. Minimal static strength of the anchor device/point is 12 kN. It is recommended to use certified and marked structural anchor point complied with EN795.
- it is obligatory to verify the free space required beneath the user at the workplace before each occasion of use the fall arrest system, so that, in the case of a fall, there will be no collision with the ground or other obstacle in the fall path. The required value of the free space should be taken from instruction manual of used equipment.
 - there are many hazards that may affect the performance of the equipment and corresponding safety precautions that have to be observed during equipment utilization, especially: - trailing or looping of lanyards or lifelines over sharp edges,

any defects like cutting, abrasion, corrosion,
 climatic exposure,
 pendulum falls,
 extremes of temperature,

- chemical reagents,

electrical conductivity.

- personal protective equipment must be transported in the package (e.g.: bag made of moisture-proof textile or foil bag or cases made of steel or plastic) to protect it against damage or moisture.
- the equipment can be cleaned without causing adverse effect on the materials in the manufacture of the equipment. For textile products use mild detergents for delicate fabrics, wash by hand
 or in a machine and rinse in water. Plastic parts can be cleaned only with water. When the equipment becomes wet, either from being in use or when due cleaning, it shall be allowed to dry
 naturally, and shall be kept away from direct heat. In metallic products some mechanic parts (spring, pin, hinge, etc.) can be regularly slightly lubricated to ensure better operation.
 Other maintenance and cleaning procedures should be adhered to detailed instructions stated in the manual of the equipment.
- personal protective equipment should be stored loosely packed, in a well-ventilated place, protected from direct light, ultraviolet degradation, damp environment, sharp edges, extreme temperatures and corrosive or aggressive substances.