| , | PB-31 WORK POSITIONING BELT Ref. PPB31MXL EN 358:1999 | | | | Date of manufacture Serial number: 0000 | Idnex | | | | | |
|--------------------|---|--|---------------------|------|---|--------------------------------------|--|--------------------------|--|--------------------------|--|
| type of the device | number / year of the European standard | | model of the device | Size | number of the manufacturing series | month/year of the device manufacture | | caution: read the manual | | name of the manufacturer | |

IT IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE USER ORGANISATION TO PROVIDE THE IDENTITY CARD AND TO FILL IN THE DETAILS REQUIRED.

THE IDENTITY CARD SHOULD BE FILLED IN BEFORE THE FIRST USE BY A COMPETENT PERSON, RESPONSIBILE INTHE USER ORGANIZATION FOR PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT.

ANY INFORMATION ABOUT THE EQUIPMENT LIKE PERIODIC INSPECTIONS, REPARS, REASONS OF EQUIPMENTS WITHDRIAWN FROM USE SHALL BE NOTED INTO THE IDENTITY CARD BY A COMPETENT PERSON

THE IDENTITY CARD SHOULD BE STORAGED DURING A WHOLE PERIOD OF EQUIPMENT UTILIZATION.

DO NOT USE THE EQUIPMENT WITHOUT THE IDENTITY CARD.
ALL RECORDS IN THE IDENTITY CARD CAN BE FILLED IN ONLY BY A COMPETENT PERSON.

| 7//// | ///////// | | ////. | | | | ICA | KD % | | |
|-------|-----------|---|-------|--------|--------|--------------------------------|--|-----------------------|--|--|
| MC | DDEL A | ND TYP | E OI | EQUI | PMENT | | | | | |
| | | | RI | ef. Nu | MBER | | | | | |
| SEF | RIAL NU | JMBER | | | | | DATE OF A | 1ANUF. | | |
| US | ER NA | ME | | | | | | | | |
| //// | | | | | | DATE OF PUTTING INTO OPERATION | | | | |
| DA. | TE OF I | PURCHA | SE | | | | | | | |
| | | PEI | RIOE | OIC EX | AMINAT | 10 | n and rep | AIR HIST | ORY | |
| | DATE | REASON FOR ENTRY PERIODIC EXAMINATION OR REPAIR | | | REPAI | RS CA | NOTED, RRIED OUT NT INFORMATIONS | NAME AND OF COMPET | PERIODIC EXAMINATION NEXT DUE DATE | |
| 1 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | | | | | | | · | | · | |

Instruction Manual



Read carefully the manual before use the equipment



€ 0082



EC type examination carried out by CETE APAVE SUDEUROPE, BP 193, 13322 Marseille, France - 0082

The work positioning belt is the component of the personal protective equipment for work positioning and prevention of falls from a height. The belt complies with EN 358.

The function of the belt is to prevent an occurrence of a fall from the height.

DESCRIPTION

The work positioning belt is made of one piece of polyamide webbing which is suitable sewed and connected by metal buckle. This configuration guarantee full safety and comfort work.

Work positioning belt PB-31 can be manufactured (optionally) with fixed lanyard connected to one of side D ring of the belt. The lanyard can be equipped with alu AZOO3 or AXK10 class T connector or without any connector for using it with certified (EN 362) oval type connector class B.

SIZES

The belt is manufactured in two sizes:

- -universal: M-XL
- -extra large: XXL

Periodic inspections

The device must be inspected at least once every 12 months from the date of first use.

Periodic inspections must only be carried out by a competent person who has the knowledge and training required for personal protective equipment periodic inspections.

Depending upon the type and environment of work, inspections may be needed to be carried out more frequently than once every 12 months.

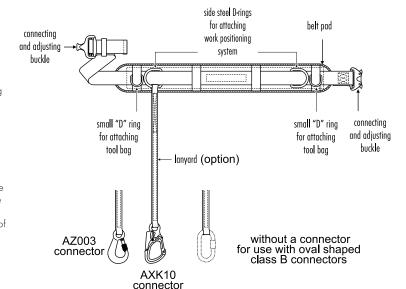
Maximum lifetime of the device

The maximum lifetime of the device is 8 years from the date of manufacture. The maximum lifetime depends on the intensity of usage and the environment of usage. Using the device in rough environment, marine environment, contact with sharp edges, exposure to extreme temperatures or agressive substances, etc. can lead to the withdrawal from use even after one use.

The device must be withdrawn from use immediately and destroyed when it has been used to arrest a fall.

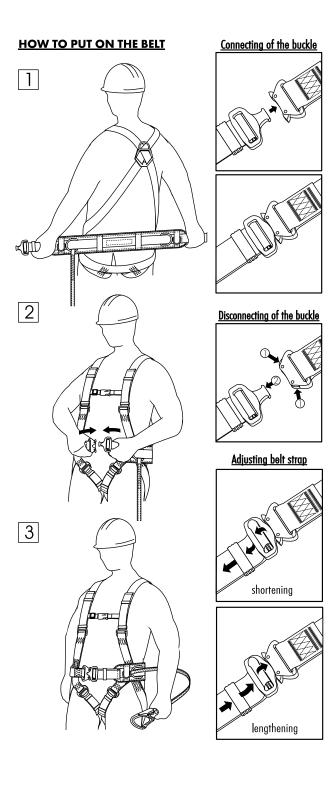
BASIC EQUIPMENT

- front connecting and adjusting buckle - for comfort wearing and using of the belt
- side attaching steel D-rings for attaching work positioning system
- belt pad suitably formed, ergonomic, made of special form
- <u>small plastic "D" rings</u> for attaching tool bags
- work positioning lanyard (option) - made of polyamide webbing, fixed to one of side belt's D-ring. The lanyard can be manufactured in a range of lengths from 0,5 m to 1,9 m.





Hlučínská 1 / 96, 747 23 Bolatice, Tel: + 420 553 751 111, Fax:: + 420 553 654 125 e-mail: lanex@lanex.cz. www.lanex.cz



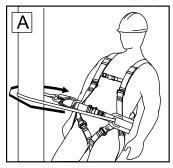
The belt is put on correctly if:

- the strap is correctly adjusted tighten enough to feel comfortable.
- side attaching buckles are correctly positioned symmetrically at the level of the hips.
- connecting buckle is correctly positioned at the middle of the abdomen,

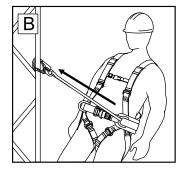
USING WORK POSITIONING LANYARD

Work positioning lanyard must be anchored to the point of construction that is situated at waist level or above. Work positioning lanyard must be kept taut to restrict free movement to a maximum 0,6 m.

Work positioning lanyard can be anchored by puting it around construction element. The endings of the lanyard are attached to both side buckles of the belt (pic. A).



The lanyard fixed to one of the side buckle of the belt can be also anchored to construction element with snap hook of another lanyard ending (pic. B)



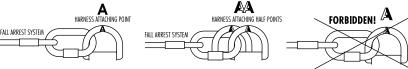
CAUTION!

Work positioning belt with a lanyard is not the protection against fall from a height and it is forbidden to used it in this puspose.

When there is a danger of falling it is necessary to use additional protection against a falls from a height.

THE ESSENTIAL PRINCIPLES FOR USERS OF PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AGAINST FALLS FROM A HEIGHT

- personal protective equipment shall only be used by a person trained and competent in its safe use.
- personal protective equipment must not be used by a person with medical condition that could affect the safety of the equipment user in normal and emergency use.
- a rescue plan shall be in place to deal with any emergencies that could arise during the work.
- it is forbidden to make any alterations or additions to the equipment without the manufacturer's prior written consent.
- any repair shall only be carried out by equipment manufacturer or his certified representative.
- personal protective equipment shall not be used outside its limitations, or for any purpose other than that for which it is intended.
- personal protective equipment should be a personal issue item.
- before use ensure about the compatibility of items of equipment assembled into a fall arrest system. Periodically check connecting and adjusting of the equipment components to avoid accidental loosening or disconnecting of the components.
- it is forbidden to use combinations of items of equipment in which the safe function of any one item is affected by or interferes with the safe function of another.
- before each use of personal protective equipment it is obligatory to carry out a pre-use check of the equipment, to ensure that it is in a serviceable condition and operates correctly before
- during pre-use check it is necessary to inspect all elements of the equipment in respect of any damages, excessive wear, corrosion, abrasion, cutting or incorrect acting, especially take into
 consideration:
 - in full body harnesses and belts buckles, adjusting elements, attaching points, webbings, seams, loops;
 - in energy absorbers attaching loops, webbing, seams, casing, connectors;
 - in textile lanyards or lifelines or guidelines rope, loops, thimbles, connectors, adjusting element, splices;
 - in steel lanyards or lifelines or guidelines cable, wires, clips, ferrules, loops, thimbles, connectors, adjusting elements;
 - in retractable fall arresters cable or webbing, retractor and brake proper acting, casing, energy absorber, connector;
 - in guided type fall arresters body of the fall arrester, sliding function, locking gear acting, rivets and screws, connector, energy absorber;
 - in connectors main body, rivets, gate, locking gear acting.
- after every12 months of utilization, personal protective equipment must be withdrawn from use to carry out periodical detailed inspection. The periodic inspection must be carried out by
 a competent person for periodic inspection. The periodic inspection can be carried out also by the manufacturer or his authorized representative.
 In case of some types of the complex equipment e.g. some types of retractable fall arresters the annual inspection can be carried out only by the manufacturer or his authorized
- regular periodic inspections are the essential for equipment maintenance and the safety of the users which depends upon the continued efficiency and durability of the equipment.
- during periodic inspection it is necessary to check the legibility of the equipment marking.
- it is essential for the safety of the user that if the product is re-sold outside the original country of destination the reseller shall provide instructions for use, for maintenance, for periodic examination and for repair in language of the country in which the product is to be used.
- personal protective equipment must be withdrawn from use immediately when any doubt arise about its condition for safe use and not used again until confirmed in writing by equipment
 manufacturer or his representative after carried out the detailed inspection.
- personal protective equipment must be withdrawn from use immediately and destroyed (or another procedures shall be introduced according detailed instruction from equipment manual)
 when it have been used to arrest a fall.
- a full body harness (which conforms to EN 361) is the only acceptable body holding device that can be used in a fall arrest system.
- in full body harness use only attaching points marked with big letter "A" to attach a fall arrest system. Marking like "A/2" or a half of "A" means the necessity of attaching a fall arrest system to both attaching points together simultaneously. It is strictly forbidden to attach a fall arrest system to the single attaching point marked "A/2" or a half of "A". See drawings below:



- the anchor device or anchor point for the fall arrest system should always be positioned, and the work carried out in such a way, as to minimise both the potential for falls and potential foll distance. The anchor device/point should be placed above the position of the user. The shape and construction of the anchor device/point shall not allowed to self-acting disconnection of the equipment. Minimal static strength of the anchor device/point is 15 kN. It is recommended to use certified and marked structural anchor point complied with EN795.
- it is obligatory to verify the free space required beneath the user at the workplace before each occasion of use the fall arrest system, so that, in the case of a fall, there will be no collision with the ground or other obstacle in the fall path. The required value of the free space should be taken from instruction manual of used equipment.
- there are many hazards that may affect the performance of the equipment and corresponding safety precautions that have to be observed during equipment utilization, especially.
- trailing or looping of lanyards or lifelines over sharp edges,
- any defects like cutting, abrasion, corrosion,
- dimatic exposure,
- pendulum falls,
- extremes of temperature,
- chemical reagents,
- electrical conductivity.
- personal protective equipment must be transported in the package (e.g.: bag made of moisture-proof textile or foil bag or cases made of steel or plastic) to protect it against damage or moisture.
- the equipment can be cleaned without causing adverse effect on the materials in the manufacture of the equipment. For textile products use mild detergents for delicate fabrics, wash by hand or in a machine and rinse in water. Plastic parts can be deened only with water. When the equipment becomes wet, either from being in use or when due deaning, it shall be allowed to dry naturally, and shall be kept away from direct heat. In metalic products some mechanic parts (spring, pin, hinge, etc.) can be regularly slightly lubricated to ensure better operation.
- Other maintenance and cleaning procedures should be adhered to detailed instructions stated in the manual of the equipment.
- personal protective equipment should be stored loosely packed, in a well-ventilated place, protected from direct light, ultraviolet degradation, damp environment, sharp edges, extreme temperatures and corrosive or aggressive substances.